VERB TENSE REVIEW- Form, Meaning and Use

PRESENT SIMPLE	PRESENT PERFECT	PRESENT CONTINUOUS/	PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS/
<u>Form</u>	<u>Form</u>	PROGRESSIVE	PROGRESSIVE
verb (s/es)	have/has + past participle	<u>Form</u>	Form
		am/is/are + verb + ing	have/has + been + ing
<u>Meaning</u>	<u>Meaning</u>		
- idea that an action	 sense of time - how long 	Meaning	Meaning
is repeated or usual	something has happened	 Event/state in progress 	 emphasizes duration
- things taking	(for/since)	- Action taking place only	- event/state in progress that began
place once, never	 events/states occur/begin 	for a limited period of time	in previous period of time
or several times	during	- action arranged for the	- may still be happening now or until
	<i>previous period</i> of time	near future / AM MEETING	recently
<u>Use</u>	- action in past, result now	SOME FRIENDS AFTER	- focus on situation in progress,
-to show repeated	- activity happened only once	WORK.	can't be used with verbs that
action, belief,	or specific number of times		describe states (stative senses of
opinion,	- situations/events do not	<u>Use</u>	verbs) * We've been knowing
characteristics	always continue until time of	- to show an event that is	Jackie for three years
- to indicate the	speaking, nor necessarily	going on right now	- activity is ongoing, repeated
speaker believes	always happened	- to say that we are in the	- focus on process
that a fact was true	immediately before time of	process of doing a longer	I've been washing the car and I'm
before, is true now,	speaking but imply some	action which is in	soaked.
and will be true in the future. It is not	connection/relevance to	progress; however, we	- used to complain about situation
	present e.g., <i>Both our</i> children have had chicken	might not be doing it at this exact second: at a	resulting from previous activity
important if the			Use
speaker is correct about the fact	pox	restaurant your friend saying "I AM STUDYING TO	to show how long something has
-to make	Use	BECOME A DOCTOR."	been happening and is still
generalizations	- to show an action that has	- with words such as	happening. can only be used with
about people or	happened in the past and	"always" or "constantly"	active verbs.
things.	continues in the present. Can	expresses the idea that	- repeated actions occurred up until
- to talk about	be used with active and	something irritating or	time of speaking
scheduled events	stative verbs.	shocking often happens.	- used with verbs that suggest
in the near future	- connects things that	HE IS CONSTANTLY	repeated activity rather than a
The train leaves	happened in past and present	TALKING. I WISH HE WOULD	single action <i>'I've been breaking my</i>
tonight at 6 PM.	time	SHUT UP.	leg
- to express the	- refer to past events which		ů,
idea that an action	repeatedly occur up to and		
is happening or is	including the present time		
not happening now	and may occur again in the		
He needs help	future		
right now.	- often gives 'new' information		
	 reporting events just 		
	occurring before present time		
	- just, already		
	- stative verbs and adverbials		
	of duration		
	- cannot be used with		
	adverbials that indicate		
	specific point in time in the		
	past * <i>l've cut my finger</i>		
	yesterday		
	- can use it to talk about time		
	expressions including present		
	time today/this morning etc.		
	-> used in clauses beginning with time expressions such		
	as: when, while		
	as. when, while		

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PAST SIMPLE	PAST PERFECT	PAST CONTINUOUS	PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS
<u>Form</u>	Form	<u>Form</u>	<u>Form</u>
verb (d/ed)	had + past participle	was/were + verb + ing	have + been + verb +ing
	<u>Form</u>	<u>Form</u>	<u>Form</u>

VERB TENSE REVIEW- Form, Meaning and Use

FUTURE SIMPLE	FUTURE PERFECT	FUTURE CONTINUOUS	FUTURE PEFECT CONTINUOUS
Form	<u>Form</u>	<u>Form</u>	Form
will + verb	will + have + past participle	will + be + verb + ing	will + have + been + verb + ing